

# Influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus infections decrease growth performance of Norwegian finisher pigs



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**RESEARCH ARTICLE**

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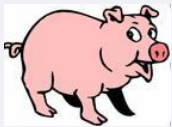
# Adverse effects of Influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus infection on growth performance of Norwegian pigs - a longitudinal study at a boar testing station

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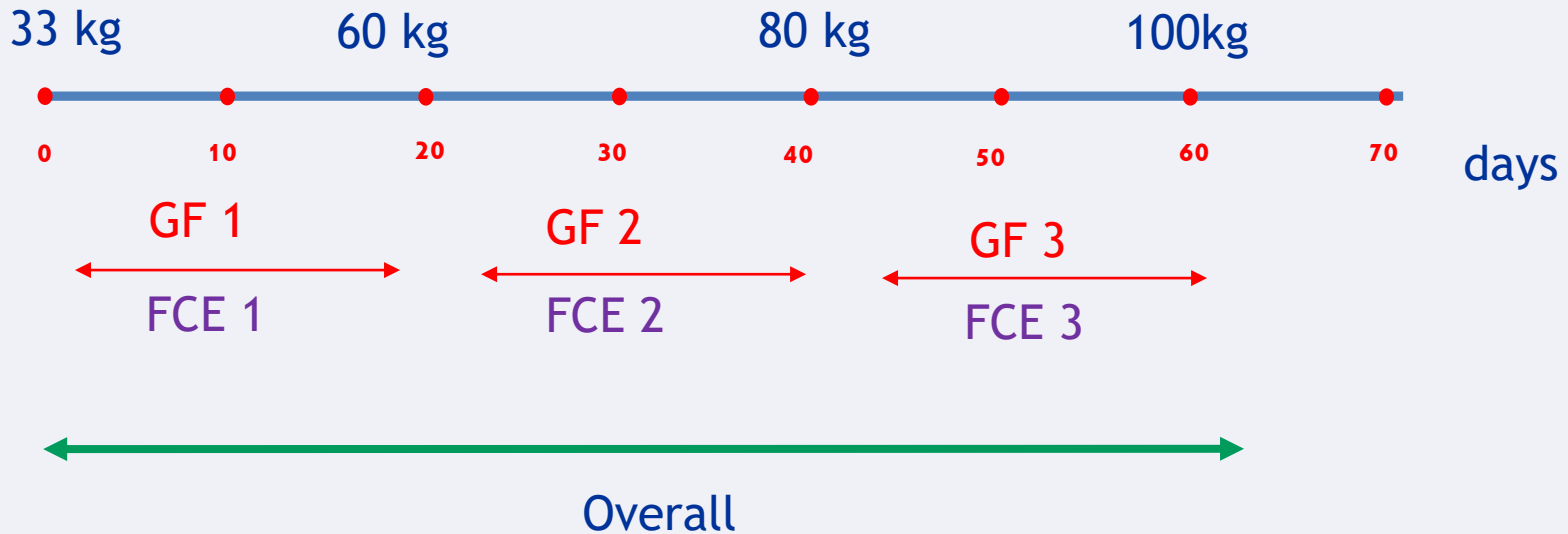
# Longitudinal study

n = 1955 pigs (2009-2012) from 43 nucleus herds



## Daily growth performance

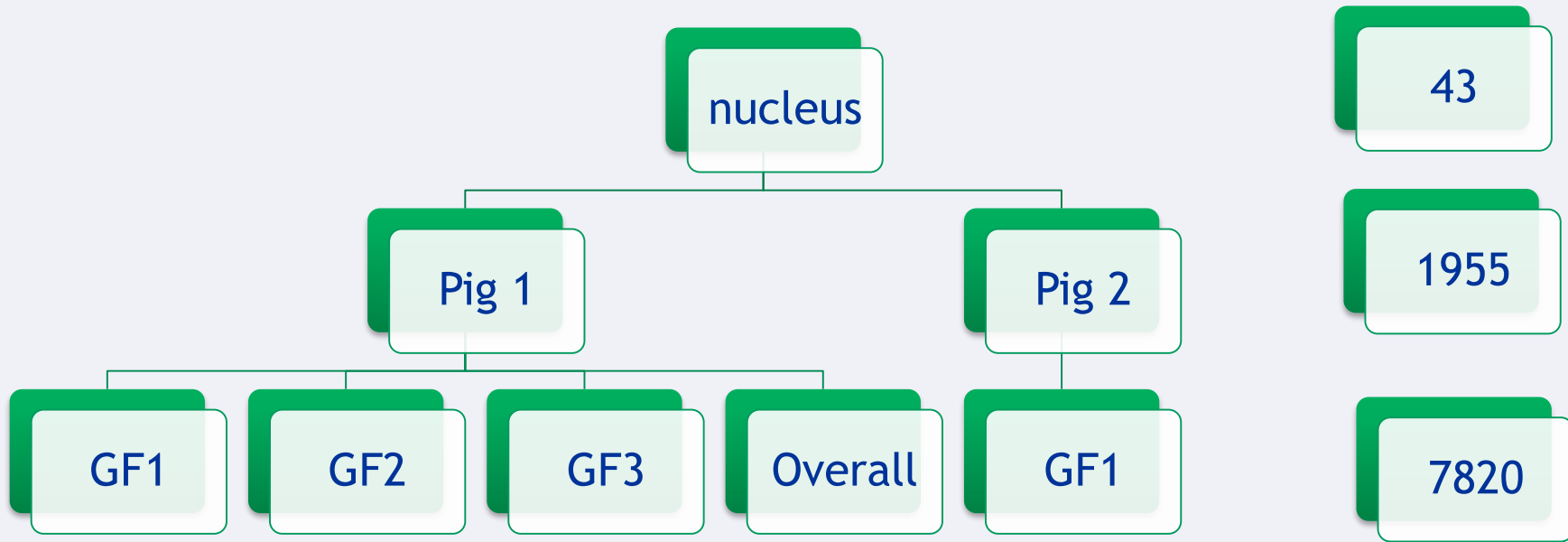
- Daily feed intake
- Daily weight gain



1. Feed intake
2. Overall FCE
3. Age at 100 kg BW



# Growth data - Hierarchical structure



# Multi-level random-intercept regression models

$$Y_{[i,j,k]} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_{1[i,j,k]} + \dots + \beta_h X_{h[i,j,k]} + u_{[j,k]} + v_{[k]} + \varepsilon_{[i,j,k]}.$$

## Y = Outcomes

1. Overall feed intake (OFI)
2. Feed conversion efficiency (FCE)
3. Age at 100 kg bodyweight

## X = Predictors (Fixed effects)

1. Breed
2. Birthdate
3. Influenza infection
4. Growth phase of pig at infection

## Random effects

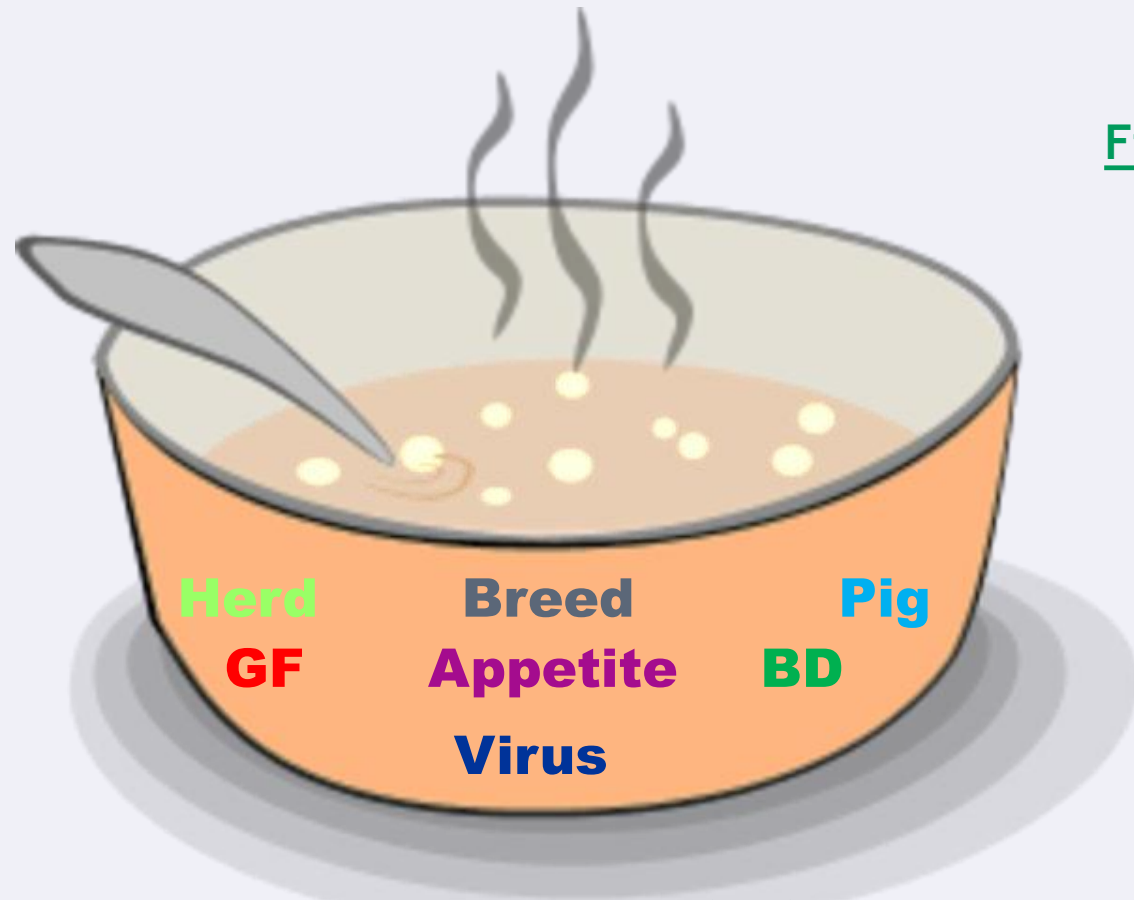
1. Herd
2. Pig



# Variance component analysis

Random

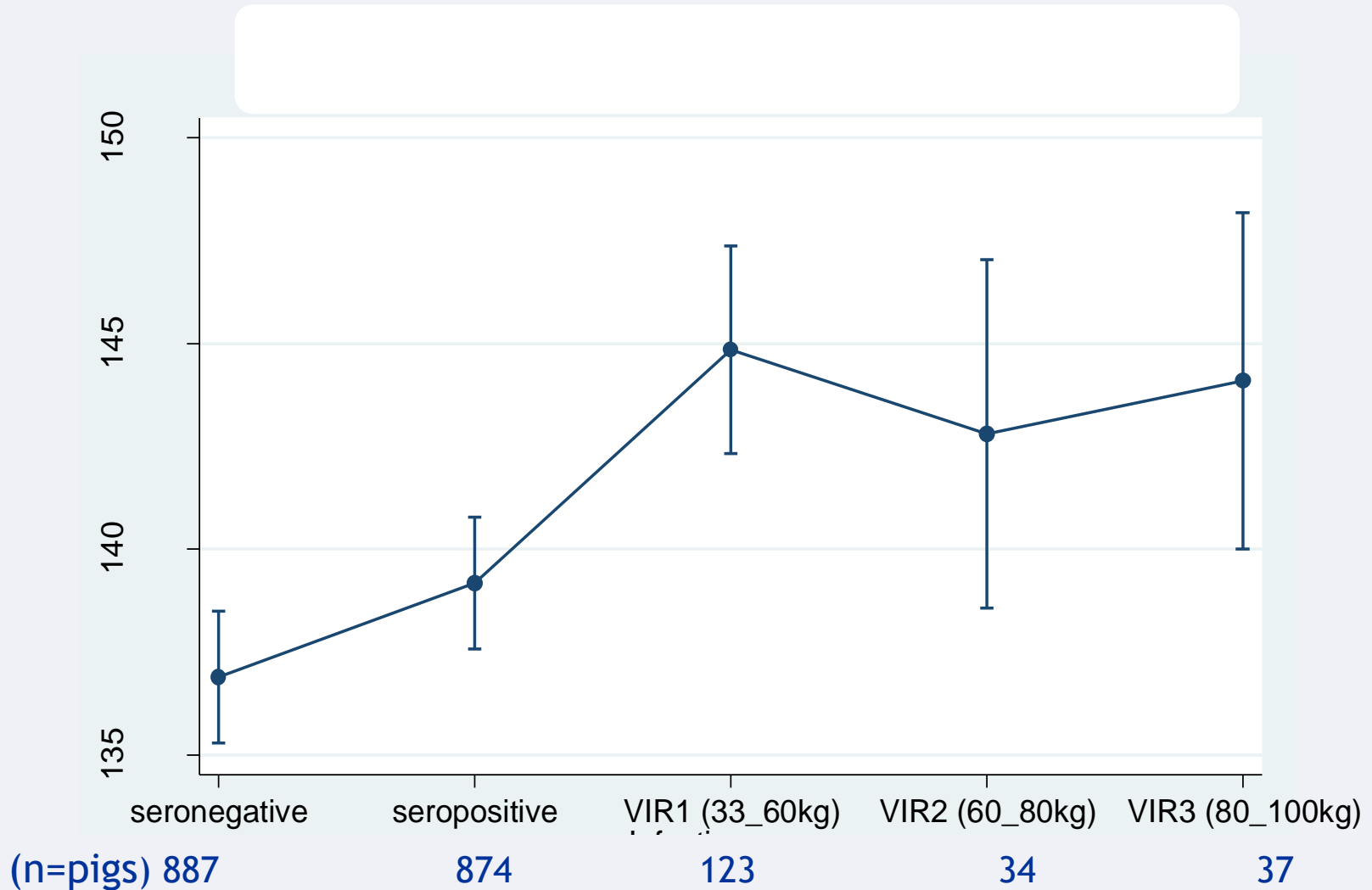
Fixed



## Soup of Variability

1. FCE
2. Feed intake 33kg-100kg BW
3. Age at 100kg BW

# Feed consumption from BW 33kg to 100kg





## Target population

Commercial herds (farrow to finish and fattening herds  
n~1500)

Study  
population  
- nucleus herds  
(n=43)



# Paper 4

Published February 12, 2016

## **Production impact of influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus infection on fattening pigs in Norway<sup>1</sup>**

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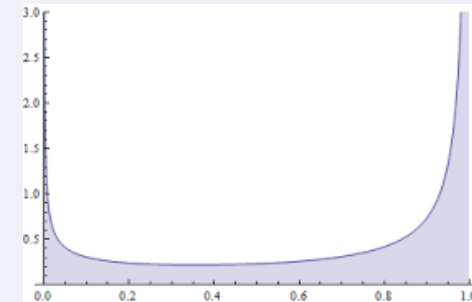
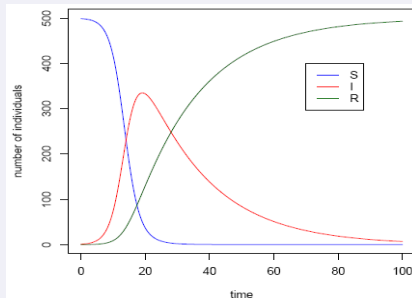
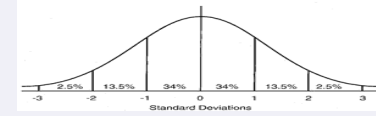
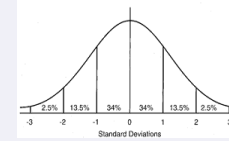
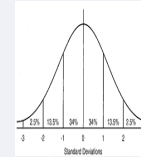
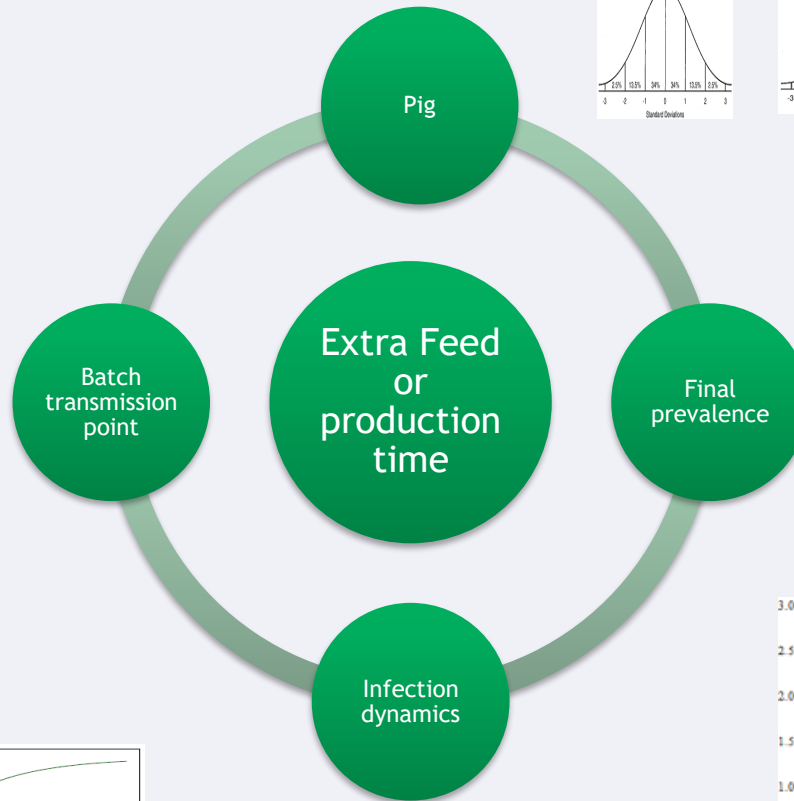
**Key words:** feed conversion ratio, feed efficiency, influenza, mixed linear regression model, stochastic

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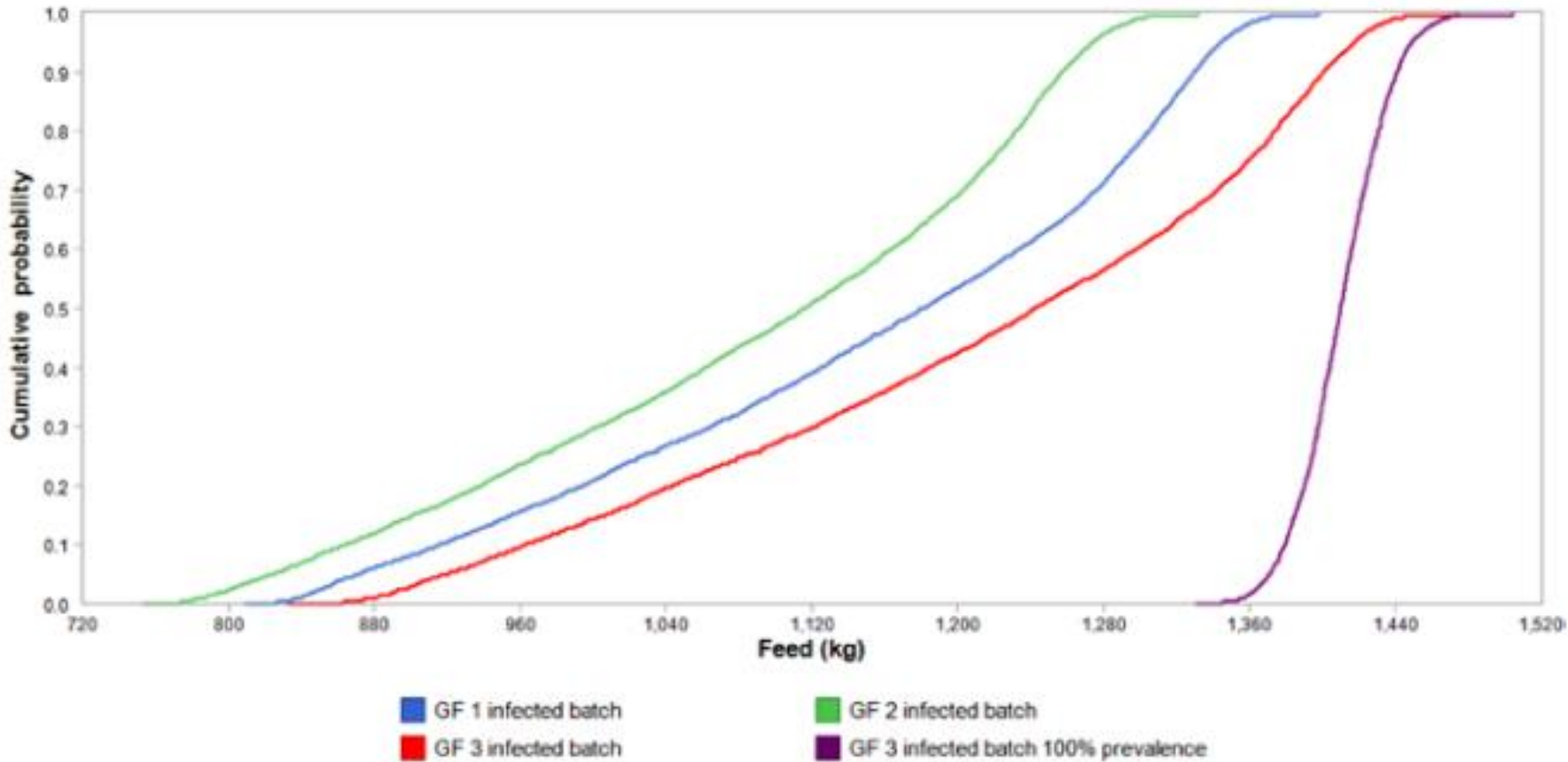
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doi:10.2527/jas2015-9251



# Stochastic models - variability inputs with probability distributions

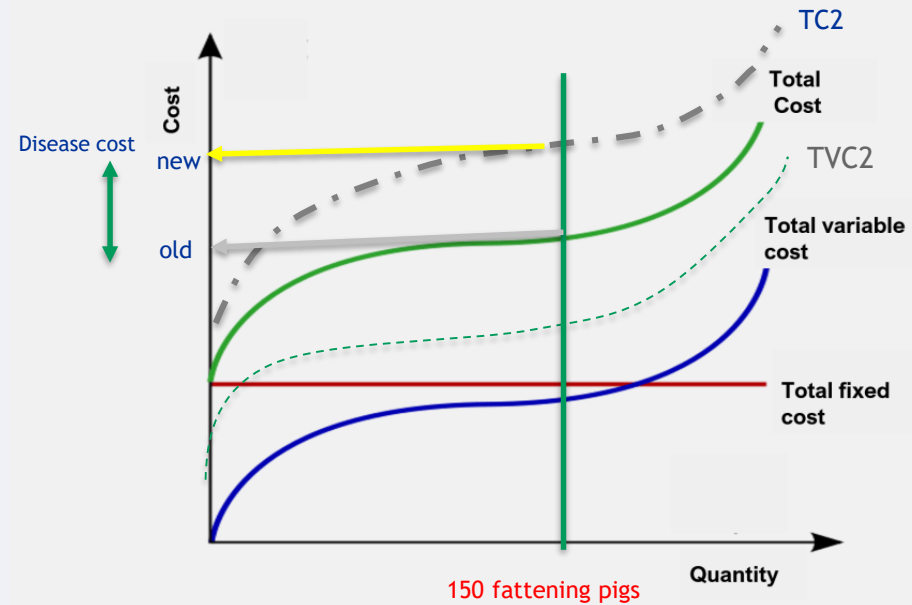


Cumulative probability plots of the additional feed requirement (kg) for an infected batch (n=150) of fattening pigs.



# Animal diseases increase costs of production

- Feed
- Labour
- Veterinary expenses



Cost of disease control or biosecurity measures (e.g. vaccination program assuming it is effective) should not exceed the disease cost